

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

AUG 23 HOUZ

REGISTERED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Dr. Joachim Krueger Celanese Americas International Celanese Chemicals EHS VP 1601 West LBJ Freeway P.O. Box 819005 Dallas, TX 75381-9005

Subject:

In the Matter of Celanese Americas Corporation

Final Determination: Notice of Violation

Dear Dr. Krueger:

Enclosed please find a NOTICE OF VIOLATION for violations disclosed under the Toxics Substances Control Act, 15 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq. The Agency appreciates Celanese Americas Corporation's willingness to self-police, disclose, and correct violations in a timely manner. EPA is in receipt of your letters dated October 23, 1998, September 24, 1999, October 21, 1999, and September 17, 2001, in which you disclosed TSCA § 12(b) violations for chemical substances regulated under TSCA §§ 4 and 5. Based on your documentation, your facility appears to have taken immediate actions to correct these violations by submitting the proper notifications.

In accordance with the FINAL POLICY STATEMENT entitled, Incentives for Self-Policing:

Discovery, Disclosure, Correction and Prevention of Violations, 65 Fed. Reg. 19618 (April 11, 2000)

("Audit Policy"), EPA will not seek any gravity-based penalty or economic benefit. Celanese

Americas Corporation has discovered, disclosed, and corrected the violations in accordance with the Audit Policy. Should you have any question regarding this letter, please contact Case

Officer, Yvette P. Hellyer, of my staff, at 202-564-4033.

Sincerely,

Ann Pontius, Director

Toxics & Pesticides Enforcement Division

cc: Daniel S. Flynn, Esq.



ASSISTANT ADMINISTRATOR
FOR ENFORCEMENT AND

COMPLIANCE ASSURANCE

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

)	
)	
In the Matter of)	Final Determination;
Celanese Americas Corporation)	Notice of Violation
Dallas, Texas)	•
)	

Pursuant to the Final Policy Statement, Incentives for Self Policing: Discovery, Disclosure, Correction and Prevention of Violations, 65 Fed. Reg. 19618 (April 11, 2000) ("Audit Policy"), the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (hereinafter "EPA" or "the Agency") hereby issues this Final Determination on violations disclosed by the Celanese Americas Corporation located at 1601 West LBJ Feeway, P.O. Box 819005, Dallas, TX 75381-9005.

I. AUDIT POLICY

EPA issued the Audit Policy to encourage regulated entities to conduct voluntary compliance evaluations and to disclose and promptly correct violations. As an incentive for companies to undertake self-policing, self-disclosure, and self-correction of violations, EPA may substantially reduce or eliminate gravity-based penalties. However, EPA retains its discretion to recover any economic benefit gained as result of noncompliance. Where the disclosing party establishes it has satisfied all conditions listed below, as set forth in the Audit Policy, EPA will not seek gravity-based penalties for violations of the federal environment requirements. The conditions include:

- (1) Discovery of the violations through an environmental audit or due diligence;
- (2) Voluntary disclosure:
- (3) Prompt disclosure;
- (4) Discovery and disclosure independent of government or third-party plaintiff;
- (5) Correction and remediation;
- (6) Prevent recurrence;
- (7) No repeat violations:
- (8) Other violations excluded; and
- (9) Cooperation.

II. FINDING OF FACTS

Starting on or about October 23, 1998 and September 24, 1999, a representative for Celanese Americas Corporation (hereinafter "Celanese") informed the Agency by letter of potential violations under the Toxic Substance Control Act (hereinafter "TSCA") 15 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq. Discovery of the violations occurred during company audits at the Dallas facility and Corpus Christi Technical Center for all export notifications of chemical substances regulated under TSCA § 12 (b).

Disclosure 1: Celanese exported chemicals regulated under TSCA § 4 requiring TSCA § 12(b) export notifications pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 707.60 between 1993 and 1998. -Celanese disclosed by letter on October 23, 1998 the following information:

(Chemical Substance				
	sunset aate	CASRN	Export Destinations	Export Year	
1	Hydroquinone Dec 11, 1994	123-31-9	Argentina, Ecuador, Germany, Spain, Zimbabwe	1993 1994	
2	Acrylic Acid March 9, 1999	79-10-7	India, Netherlands, Peru, Taiwan, Thailand, United Kingdom, Uruguay, Zimbabwe	1993 1994 1996	
			Ireland	1997	
3	Isobutanol Mar 17, 2001	78-83-1	Brazil, Canada, China, Colombia, Germany, Indonesia, Japan, Korea, Netherlands, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, Uruguay, Venezuela	1993 1994 1996	
4	Ethyl acetate July 6, 2002	141-78-6	Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Egypt, Indonesia, Netherlands, Malaysia, Peru, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Turkey, Venezuela	1993 1994 1995 1996	
	·		Japan, Uruguay	1997 1998	
5	Butyl acetate January 21, 2002	123-86-4	Argentina, Colombia, Egypt, Indonesia, Malaysia, Netherlands, Peru, Singapore, South Africa, Spain, Thailand, Turkey, Venezuela	1993 1994 1995 1996	
	,		India	1997	
6	Isopropanol June 16, 1999	67-63-0	Argentina, Canada, Germany, Ecuador	1993 1994 1996	
7	Acetone June 19, 2002	67-64-1	Canada, Japan	1994	

Disclosure 2: Celanese exported chemicals regulated under TSCA § 4 requiring TSCA § 12(b) export notifications pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 707.60 between 1994 and 1999. Celanese disclosed by letter on October 21, 1999, the following information as a result of the internal audit conducted at the Dallas facility:

		IBCAGTO	Chemical Identified for § 12 (b) Violations	r 	
Chemical / Sunset Date CASRN		CASRN	Export Destinations	Export Year	
1	2-Ethylhexanol Feb 10, 1997	104-76-7	Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Ecuador, India, Indonesia, Israel, Korea, Netherlands, Peru, Philippines, S. Africa, Singapore, Turkey, Venezuela	1994 1995 1996	
2	Crotonaldehyde Nov 30, 1997	4170-30-3	Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Ecuador, Egypt, Germany, India, Indonesia, Israel, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Mexico, Netherlands, Peru, Philippines, S. Africa, Singapore, Spain, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, UK, Venezuela	1994 1995 1996	
			Pakistan	1997	
3	Butyl acetate January 21, 2002	123-86-4	China, Ecuador, Germany, Japan, Mexico, Philippines, Taiwan, UK	1994 1995 1996	
ļ			Dominican Republic, Guatemala, Honduras, Pakistan	1997 1998 1999	
4	Ethyl acetate July 6, 2002	141-78-6	China, India, Italy, Mexico, S. Africa, Trinidad & Tobago	1994 1995 1996	
			Australia, Belgium, Spain	1997 1999	
5	Isobutanol March 17, 2001		Ecuador, Egypt, Israel, Italy, Mexico, Peru, S. Africa, Singapore, Spain, UK	1994 1995 1996	
			India	1999	
6	Acrylic Acid March 9, 1999	L L	China, Ecuador, Israel, Japan, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Turkey	1994 1996	
			Belgium, Dominican Republic, Pakistan, Spain	1997 1998 1999	
7	Acetone June 19, 2002	67-64-1	Mexico, Peru	1994 1995	
			Colombia	1997	
8	Isopropanol June 16, 1999	67-63-0	Australia, Belgium, China, Indonesia, Korea, Malaysia, New Zealand, S. Africa, Taiwan, UK	1994 1995 1996	
			Brazil, Canada, Costa Rica, Uruguay	1997 1998 1999	
9	Methyl tert-butyl ether Nov 18, 1997	1634-04-4	Australia, Canada, Italy	1994	

Disclosure 3: Celanese exported chemicals regulated under TSCA §§ 4 and 5 requiring TSCA § 12(b) export notifications pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 707.60 between 1994 and 1997. Celanese disclosed by letter on October 21, 1999, the following information as a result of the internal audit conducted at the Corpus Christi Technical Center:

TSCA § 12(b) EXPORT NOTIFICATION VIOLATIONS					
CHEMICAL / § 4 sunset date (as applicable)		CASRN	Destination to:	Date	
1	Acetone / June 19, 2002	67-64-1	Czech Republic; Germany	12/14/94, 2/11/97	
2	Acrylic Acid / March 9, 1999	79-10-7	Mexico	11/14/94	
3	Ethyl Acetate / July 6, 2002	141-78-6	Germany	6/17/97	
4	1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane	431-89-0	Germany	5/15/97	
5	2-Hexanone (or Methyl n-butyl ketone)	591-78-6	France; Germany; Japan	6/30/99; 4/27/99; 1/30/96 and 2/2/99	
6	Isopropanol / June 16, 1999	67-63-0	Canada; Denmark; England; France; Germany; Japan; New Zealand; Sweden; Switzerland; UK	9/14/94;1/21/94; 6/26/96; 9/29/95; 2/4/94; 3/9/95; 5/24/95; 9/22/94; 11/1/95; 12/9/94	
7	Tetrahydrofuran / Nov 25, 2001	109-99-9	Germany	7/26/95	

III. Final Determination:

Pursuant to the Audit Policy and based on information provided by Celanese, EPA makes the following final determination:

- 1. For the exportation to a foreign country of chemical substances for which the submission of data is required under TSCA §§ 4 or 5, such person shall notify the Administrator of such exportation or intent to export pursuant to TSCA § 12(b).
- 2. Failing to submit a notice prior to exportation of a TSCA § 4 regulated chemical substance results in a one day violation per chemical substance per country.
- 3. Failing to submit a notice prior to exportation of a TSCA § 5 regulated chemical substance results in a one day violation per chemical substance per country per year of export.
- 4. Celanese meets the conditions of the Audit Policy for eliminating the total gravity-based penalty of \$ 1,104,000, as assessed under TSCA § 16.
- 5. EPA will not seek a gravity based penalty for each violation.

6. Celanese gained an insignificant amount of any economic benefit as a result of these disclosed violations.

In making this final determination, the Agency believes Celanese is capable of achieving a higher standard of self-policing and greater compliance with laws and regulations that protect human health and the environment. EPA expects Celanese will continue to implement systematic internal audits and a comprehensive due diligence program to ensure compliance to prevent recurrence of violations of environmental requirements.

Under	Authority	of the	U.S	. Environmental	Protection	Agency

Date: 1002

Ann Pontius, Director

Toxics & Pesticides Enforcement Division Office of Regulatory Enforcement